

MONDAY SEPTEMBER 19. 1743.

our last arrived a Mail from France and another from Flanders.

Stockholm, September 11.



We begin to flatter ourselves that the Affairs of this Kingdom will soon take a Turn more favourable than they have done for some Years past. We have an Army on the Frontiers of Norway of 17,000 Men, We have 20,000 at least at Schonen, and we propose to raise at least 12 or 14,000 in Finland. We reckon, that in case of a War, the Maritime Powers will be obliged to send a considerable Fleet into the Baltic. The only Province that can be attacked, where we are not provided, is what remains to us of Pomerania; but then it must be considered, that nothing can be easier than for the Czarina to protect us, even on that side, if she pleases. Our Ministry seem to be pretty well tired of depending on Foreign Courts; and it is hoped, none of their Successors will revive that pernicious System. The Arrival of the Successors will, probably, restore our domestick Tranquility; and, in the space of a Fortnight, or three Weeks, we shall at least know what to think of our Foreign Affairs.

Genoa, August 31. As yet we have no positive Account of the 14 Spanish Barks, that lately sail'd from hence, being arriv'd in Corsica; on the contrary, there is some Reason to believe they have taken another Route, since there was something very mysterious in the Manner of their Departure. They were furnish'd with a passport from Admiral Matthews for 24 Hours only, in which time, with a fair Wind, they might have reach'd Bonifacio. Their Commodore had Instructions from the Spanish Minister here, but he had Directions not to open them till he was at Sea; whence we have great Reason to suspect, that the Spaniards have still in view their old Design, of transporting the Cargoes of these Barks to their Army under the Command of the Count de Sages; which, very probably, may involve us in new troubles. The Affairs of Corsica still remain in a very perplex'd Condition, and we only know with Certainty, that the Malecontents carry on their foreign Negotiations with as much Diligence, and with greater Secrecy as ever.

Bamberg, September 14. The Day before Yesterday his Prussian Majesty arriv'd here, and will set out again for Nuremberg, in his Way to Anspach. The Garrison of Anspach are on their March into Bohemia; the Officers are permitted to wear their Swords, but the Men are absolutely without Arms. The following may be depended upon as an exact List of those Troops.

The Marquis de Herouville, Lieutenant-General and Governor.

Count de Clavier, Marshal de Camp.

M. de Ville, Commissary of War.

The Major of the Place.

Two Lieutenants of the Place.

The Chief Engineer.

Fourteen Engineers.

A Commissary of Artillery.

Three Officers of Artillery.

One Colonel.

Four Lieutenant-Colonels.

Seven Majors.

Four Aid de Camps.

Sixty-five Captains.

Sixty-seven Lieutenants.

Twelve Ensigns.

Two hundred and six Suttlers.

Two hundred ninety-seven Corporals.

Two hundred sixty-five Volunteers.

Fourteen hundred ninety-five Soldiers.

Ninety-three Hussars. In all 2542.

Frankfort, September 18. We are making great Preparations here for the Reception of his Prussian Majesty, who is expected To-morrow from Anspach. It is considerably reported, that Count Seckendorff will shortly lay down, or be dismissed from his Command of the Imperial Army; and that Count Pioszki, who was lately sent with a secret Commission into France, will be appointed to command in his room. It is also reported, that a Treaty has been lately concluded between their Danish and Prussian Majesties, to which several other Princes will be invited to accede; and we flatter ourselves here, that this will give a new Face to his Imperial Majesty's Affairs, and perhaps to those of all Europe. We are assured that the Army of the Allies will march To-morrow towards Franckendal, and proceed from thence to attack, immediately, the Marshal de Noailles in his Lines; and that, with this View, Colonel Meentzel has already taken Possession of Spire with a Detachment of 1300 Men. On the other Hand, the French fortify themselves Night and Day, and are even preparing Suicides, by which they will have it in their Power to lay a great Part of the Country under Water.

Worms, September 19. Lieutenant-General Count de Barani, Colonel of Hussars, sent to our Camp Yesterday 80 French Prisoners, including six Officers, who were taken in the late Affair which happen'd on the 15th at Spittalhoff, near Kirweiler, about seven Miles from Landau, between a Detachment of Austrian Hussars, commanded by Col. Belesnay, and a great French Detachment commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel De la Brosse, of the Regiment of Nivernois, and M. Romberg, Governor of Kirweiler. It is necessary to observe, that M. Belesnay, jun. commanded this Party, which was sent to traverse the Enemy's Design of foraging in the Neighbourhood of Neustadt; but the Father of this young Gentleman, who is 80 Years of age, desired Leave to serve, upon this Occasion, as a Volunteer under his Son, in order to instruct him, either to conquer, or die. The French Detachment consisted of 100 Dragoons of the Regiment of Beaufremont, two Captains, two Lieutenants and three Quarter-Masters; a Detachment of several Hundred Foot, with a Captain to command every 50 Men; as also 50 Hussars, with the Captain, and other Officers of the French Independent Company of Romberg, with 70 of their Hussars and Dragoons, so that the Detachment was composed of between 4 and 500 Men. Our Hussars might be about 400 strong, Officers included. M. Douglas, Aid de Camp to his Britannick Majesty, who was present in this Action, distinguish'd himself in an extraordinary Manner. An Hundred French Foot having intrench'd themselves in a Vineyard, General Belesnay gave Orders for 100 of his Hussars to dismount, which they did, and forc'd the Enemy in their Works; he, at the same time, detach'd another 100 by three different Ways, to observe the Enemy, who, in spite of their Superiority, were entirely defeated. A Spy we had at Kirweiler, and who return'd from thence this Morning, reports that only 40 Men escap'd of this Detachment, and almost all of them wounded. Lieutenant-Colonel La Brosse, who was kill'd upon the Spot, is much regretted by the French. Since this Affair, the Horses belonging to their Artillery are no longer sent to graze; and, to do Justice to the Hussars, they did not mind their own Interest upon this Occasion, since they preserved only 91 Horses, and these have been sent to the Head Quarters, in order to be expos'd to sale.

Old Brissac, September 13. Nothing of Consequence has pass'd since the 10th. The French have endeavour'd to ruin our Bridge, by turning adrift, down the River, some floating Machines, with Bombs upon them; but they did no Damage. We have cannonaded each other continually. They have killed some few Men, and broken two Boats of our Bridge, and pierc'd the Bridge itself; but it was immediately repaired. The French are now hard at Work in raising, as is thought, Bomb-Batteries by the Head of their Bridge, from which, if they can perfect them, they will easily ruin ours. They have sent off some Troops To-day towards Prince Waldeck, and we have sent him a new Reinforcement of Artillery and Boats. We are every Day building Vessels at Fribourg, where they finish Six in a Day. Marshal Khevenhuller has been out again to reconnoitre the Course of the Rhine, and we are perswaded the Passage will be attempted, cost what it will.

Hague, September 24. They write from the Country of Outremeuse, that they have late discover'd a prodigious Gang of Robbers in the Districts of Faucaumont and Rolduc. This Discovery was made by a perfect Accident. A Country Fellow, who had a small Farm, quarrell'd with one of his Neighbours; upon which he was carried before a Magistrate, where the Boldness of his Behaviour gave Occasion to a very strict Examination, and to the searching of him. In his Pocket was found a Muster Roll, by which it appear'd, that the Gang consisted of 400 Men. They had a Colonel, two Lieutenant-Colonels, four Captains, and this Fellow was their Major. As the Prisons are already so full that they can hold no more, they have been forc'd to execute a Dozen of them immediately; some were hang'd, others strangled, others broke on the Wheel, others burnt. Four were taken in one House, the Husband and Wife, their Son and Daughter; next Week 15 will be executed in the Country of Rolduc. They were all of them Peasants, Farmers, or Persons of some Estate; and have, within these few Years, done incredible Mischief.

Extract from the Paris Almanac.

Paris, September 25. On the 16th of this Month M. Solare, the Sardinian Minister, acquainted the King with the Reasons why his Master could not quit his Alliance with the Queen of Hungary.

One of the principal Articles in the Capitulation of Ingoldstadt, is this; That if the Place be not succoured by the Emperor by the 1st of October, the French Garrison shall march out with all the Honours of War; but as to the Artillery of the Emperor, and the Archives of his Family, which are said to be all in this City, they are not at all mentioned.

They write from Basle, that there is a great Scarcity in Prince Charles's Army, as also a great Desertion.

Letters from the Army of M. Noailles inform us, that a great Mortality, and a greater Desertion, still continue to weaken the Army of the Allies; in which there are such Disputes, that our People apprehend very little from them; and if they should march to the Moselle, the Season is so far advanc'd, that its thought they can do little or nothing.

Affenheim, September 16. Prince Charles having left 1500 Men in the Island of Rhinmarck, is march'd up towards Hunninguen; and M. Coigny has follow'd him with the best Part of his Army, which is greatly reinforced.

The Infant Don Philip has receiv'd a very severe Check in attempting to penetrate into Piedmont. If he fails in his Expedition on that Side, it is said, he will come and take Winter Quarters with his Troops in the Low Countries, in order to make a powerful Diversion there in the Spring.

M. Chavigny, who is just return'd from Portugal, reports the King's Health to be very fluctuating, and that there is no Hopes of his Recovery.

Actions 2055.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, September 17. Wind E. N. E. This Morning sail'd the Shrewsbury Man of War for Portsmouth. Came down and sail'd the Mary, Kilmington, for Oporto; the Lamb, Bead, for Plymouth. Remains the Dover Man of War.

L O N D O N.

On Thursday, the 8th Instant, the Races began on Houghton Downs, near Stockbridge, when five Horses started for the 50 l. Purse; viz. Mr. Martindale's Sudbury. Mr. Greville's Chestnut Horse, Oroonoko, Lord Portmore's Chestnut Mare, Mr. Tate's Bay Gelding, and Mr. Grefwood's Careless; which was won by Mr. Martindale's Sudbury.

On Friday the 9th, three Horses started for the Purse of 50 l. viz. Mr. Grefwood's Partner, Captain Becket's Bay Horse, and Mr. Henley's Brown Horse; which was won by Mr. Grefwood's Partner. It proving very fine Weather, they had more Company than usual, and very good Sport.

On Thursday, the 8th Instant, seven Horses started for the 50 l. Plate at Bridgnorth; which was won by Sir Henry Harpur's Bay Gelding, Darling.

We hear that the Gentlemen in the Commission of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster will meet shortly to grant Licenses to such Persons only as are tolerated by the late Act to sell Spirituous Liquors; viz. Taverns, Innkeepers, Coffee-Houses, and Victuallers; so that 'tis hoped there will be but few Gin Shops in that Part of the Town.

Yesterday died, at his House in Chanel Row, Westminster, Mr. Perkins, a great Silk Dyer.

Eleanor Croker, who was lately committed to the Gatehouse for the Murder of her two Bastard Children, lies in such a miserable Condition, that 'tis thought she cannot survive.

Last Saturday a Messenger was dispatch'd from the Lords of the Admiralty to Deptford and Greenwich, to the Captains of the four following Yachts belonging to His Majesty, to hold themselves in readiness to carry over her Royal Highness the Princess Louisa to Holland, in her Way to Hanover; viz.

The William and Mary Capt. Parry, the Fubbs Capt. Dunly, the Mary Capt. Molloy, and the Catherine, Capt. Bridges.

The Men of War that are to convoy her Royal Highness are not yet appointed.

A few Days since died Mary, the Wife of Matthew Wenman, at the London Punch-House on London-Bridge, whose Loss is much regretted by all that knew her; She being a sincere Friend, a Loving Wife, and a tender Mother.

boat-house, &c. Tickets as usual; and in the Afternoon will be Singing by Mr. Lowe, and several others. Admittance One Shilling.

From the London Gazette.

Admiralty-Office, September 15. Letters from Sir Chaloner Ogle at Jamaica, dated the 19th of June, contain the following Advices, viz.

On the 17th of May, upon Intelligence of a Privateer hovering on the North Side of the Island, Sir Chaloner sent out his Tender after her, with 60 Men, under the Command of Mr. Graves, his second Lieutenant; who met with the Privateer on the 6th of June, and after a smart Action of some Hours, took her. She was called the Phoenix of St. Jago, had 4 Carriage and 10 Swivel Guns, with 65 Men.

On the 19th of May the Greenwich returned to Port Royal from a Cruise off Carthage, in which she had taken 10,000 Dollars out of a Ship she met with, which were owned to be Spanish Effects.

On the 7th of June the St. Albans returned to Jamaica from a Cruise, with a large Spanish Sloop, called the Nostra Señora de Monserrate, of 18 Carriage Guns, and 20 Swivels, taken about 9 Leagues to Windward of Carthage; to which Place she was bound from Cadiz, and had near 200 Men on board, of which 57 were Ecclesiastics. She at first made a Shew of Resistance, by firing several Shot at the Man of War, but soon ran ashore, to give the People an Opportunity of making their Escape, which most of them did; but the St. Albans got the Vessel off, and she Proves a considerable Prize.

Admiralty-Office, September 16. A Letter from Lord Banff, Captain of his Majesty's Ship the Hastings, stationed at Virginia, dated the 28th of July, gives an Account, That on the 23d of that Month he had taken a Spanish Privateer, called the Nostra Señora del Rosario St. Antonio y las Animas, of 16 Carriage, and 20 Swivel Guns, and 74 Men, commanded by Don Alexo Gallardo, of St. Domingo, from which Place she had been out about 6 Months, but only 15 Days from Cape Francois. She had taken a New-England Ship in the Latitude of 34. Lord Banff retook the Master and his Crew in the Privateer, and was cruising to find the Ship, when his Letter came away.

BANKRUPT.

John Furnell, of Upper Knowle, in the Parish of Bedminster, in the County of Somerset, Merchant.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	00 00	00 00

Bank Stock, 147 1-4th. India, 184. South Sea, 110 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity, 115. New ditto, 113 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 101 3-4ths. Ditto 1743, 101 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, 78 1-4th. Royal Assurance, 80 1-half. London Assurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 17 s. to 16 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 6 l. 5 s. Prem. Salt Talties, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 5 s.

Union Fire-Office.

THE Directors of the Union Society for Insuring Goods and Merchandise from Loss by Fire, give Notice, That the Half-yearly general Meeting of the Members of the said Society, for Choice of Directors for the Year ensuing, will be held by Balloting, at their Office in Gutter-lane, Cheap-side, on Tuesday the 26th Day of this Instant September, from Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon till Six in the Evening; and that the said general Meeting will be continued by Adjournment till Wednesday, the Day following, at Three in the Afternoon; where all who are Insured in the said Office, are desired to be present.

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He that getteth a Wife, beginneth a Possession, a Help like unto himself, and a Pillar of Rest.

Ecclesi. xxxvi. 24.

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